

Air Quality Monitoring and Noise Control Unit's Good Practice Guide for Construction and Demolition

Prior to the commencement of work on the site a construction and demolition plan must be developed. When developing the construction and demolition plan reference must be made to the requirements of the **Air Quality Monitoring and Noise Control Unit's Good Practice Guide for Construction and Demolition.**

Regardless of the risk category initially assigned to a development on receipt of a complaint additional control measures may be required.

This Guide has been produced with reference to the London Good Practice Guide: Noise and Vibration Control for Demolition and Construction produced by the London Authorities Noise Action Forum, July 2016.



In order to ensure that demolition and construction work does not have an adverse impact on those living and working nearby, the following best practice guidance has been developed. All construction and demolition work has the potential to have adverse environmental impacts no matter what the scale. The following best practice guide sets out the measures which all developers should consider prior to commencement of work and provides further recommendations for the control of noise, vibration and air pollution.

A risk based approached is to be used taking into account the locality, nature of the work and the expected duration of the work.

Risk Assessment A – Locality/Site Information

The site should be assessed in relation to the duration of the work, distance to sensitive receptors, ambient noise levels and working hours. Tick the field most likely to apply and add up the number of ticks in each column.

Risk Assessment B - Work Information

Tick the field that is most likely to represent the works in each category, add up the total number of ticks in each column.

Total Risk Assessment

The table 'total risk assessment' contains the sub-total numbers from 'Risk Assessment A and B. <u>The column in total risk assessment with the most ticks indicates the risk category</u> that should be employed for the site.

If two risk categories have an equal number of ticks, the higher category of the two shall apply. Once the risk category is known the 'good practice measures' outlined in this code of practice shall be employed.

1. Locality

Identify those who may be affected by noise, including particularly sensitive locations (hospitals/schools) and determine ambient noise levels (noise maps or noise monitoring)

	Low	Medium	High
Expected duration of work			
Less than 6 months			
6 months to 12 months			
Over 12 months			
Proximity of nearest sensitive recep	tors		
Greater than 50 metres from site			
Between 25m and 50m			
Less than 25 metres			
Hospital or school within 100 metres			
Day time ambient noise levels			
High ambient noise levels (>65dB(A))			
Medium ambient noise levels (55- 65dB(A)			
Low ambient noise levels (<55dB(A)			
Working Hours			
7am – 6pm Mon-Fri; 8am-1pm Sat			
Some extended evening or weekend work			
Some night time working, including likelihood of concrete power floating at night			
SUBTOTAL A			

2. Work information

	Low	Medium	High
Location of works			
Majority within existing building			
Majority External			
External Demolition			
Limited to two weeks			
Between 2 weeks and 3 months			
Over three months			
Ground Works			
Basement level planned			
Non-percussive methods only			
Percussive methods for less than 3			
months			
Percussive methods for more than 3			
months			
Piling			
Limited to one week			
Bored Piling Only			
Impact or vibratory piling			
Vibration generating activities			
Limited to less than 1 week			
Between 1 week and 1 month			
Greater than 1 month			
SUBTOTAL B			

	Low	Medium	High
Risk Assessment A			
Risk Assessment B			
Total			

The column in total risk assessment with the most ticks indicates the risk category that should be employed for the site.

1. General Considerations

All site staff shall be briefed on noise mitigation	All sites
measures and the application of best	
practicable means to be employed to control	
noise.	
Good Quality site hoarding should be erected	Medium and High risk sites
to maximise the reduction in noise levels	
The contact details of the contractor and site	Medium and High risk sites
manager shall be displayed to the public,	
together with the permitted operating hours,	
including any special permissions given for out	
of hours work	
The site entrance shall be located to minimise	Medium and High risk sites
disturbance to noise sensitive receptors	
Internal haul routes shall be maintained and	Medium and High risk sites
steep gradients shall be avoided	
Material and plant loading and unloading shall	All sites
only take place during normal working hours	
unless the requirement for extended hours is	
for traffic management(i.e. road closure) or	
health and reasons(application must be made	
to DCC a minimum of 4 days prior to proposed	
works)	
Use rubber linings in chutes, dumpers and	Medium and High risk sites
hoppers to reduce impact noise	
Minimise opening and shutting of gates	Medium and High risk sites
through good coordination of deliveries and	
vehicle movements	
No materials shall be burned on site	
Adequate dust/debris screening should be in	Medium and High Risk sites
place at the site boundary to contain and	
minimise the amount of windplown dust. This	
must be maintained in good condition at all	
umes.	
All consignments containing material with the	All sites
transported by skips, lorring, trucks or tippors	
must be covered during transit on and off site	
The site shall be dampened down as	All sites
necessary to minimise windblown dust when	All Siles
necessary or during periods of dry weather	
Where dust is likely to be a persistent problem	
a water spray system e.g. (IRC tanks fitted	
with hoses) must be put in place from the	
commencement of the works where required	
Dust suppression equipment must be used	All sites
when point source emissions are likely	
The entry and exit points to the site should be	Medium and High Risk Sites
constructed of hard standing which is regularly	
dampened to minimise dust emissions.	

Use of road sweeper and/or hand held dust	All sites
vacuums as required to wash external site	
perimeter to include pavements.	

2. Plant

Ensure that each item of plant and equipment complies with the noise limits quoted in the relevant European Commission Directive 2000/14/EC	All sites
Fit all plant and equipment with appropriate mufflers or silencers of the type recommended by the manufacturer	All sites
Use all plant and equipment only for the tasks for which it has been designed	All Sites
Shut down all plant and equipment in intermittent use in the intervening periods between work or throttle down to a minimum	All sites
Power all plant by mains electricity where possible rather than generators	Medium and High Risk Sites
Maximise screening from existing features or structures and employ the use of partial or full enclosures for plant	Medium and High Risk Sites
Locate movable plant away from noise sensitive receptors	All sites

3. Vehicle activity

Ensure all vehicle movements (on site) occur within normal working hours. (other than where extension of work requiring such movements has been granted in cases of required road closures or for health and safety reasons)	All sites
Plan deliveries and vehicle movements so that vehicles are not waiting or queuing on the public roads. If unavoidable engines should be turned off.	Medium and High Risk Sites
Minimise the opening and closing of the site access through good coordination of deliveries and vehicle movements	Medium and High Risk Sites
Plan the site layout to ensure that reversing is kept to a minimum	Medium and High Risk Sites
Where reversing is required use broadband reverse sirens or where it is safe to do so disengage all sirens and use banks-men	Medium and High Risk Sites
Rubber/neoprene or similar non-metal lining material matting to line the inside of material transportation vehicles to avoid first drop high noise levels.	Medium and High Risk Sites
Wheel washing of vehicles prior to exiting the site shall take place to ensure that adjoining	Medium and High Risk Sites

roads are kept clean of dirt and debris. Regular	
washing of adjoining streets should also be	
carried out by the developer, as required by	
mechanical road sweepers	

4. Demolition Phase

Employ the use of acoustic screening; this can include planning the demolition sequence to utilise screening afforded by buildings to be demolished.	Medium and High Risk Sites
If working out of hours for Health and Safety reasons (following approval by DCC) limit demolition activities to low level noise activity unless absolutely unavoidable)	All sites
Use low impact demolition methods such as non-percussive plant where practicable	Medium and High Risk Sites
Use rotary drills and 'bursters' activated by hydraulic or electrical power or chemically based expansion compounds to facilitate fragmentation and excavation of hard material.	High Risk sites
Avoid the transfer of noise and vibration from demolition activities to adjoining occupied buildings through cutting any vibration transmission path or by structural separation of buildings	Medium and High Risk Sites
Consider the removal of larger sections by lifting them out and breaking them down either in an area away from sensitive receptors or off site.	High Risk Sites

5. Ground Works and Piling Phase

 The following hierarchy of groundwork/piling methods should be used if ground conditions, design and safety allows: pressed in methods, e.g., hydraulic jacking Auger/bored piling Diaphragm walling Vibratory piling or vibro-replacement Driven Piling or dynamic consolidation 	Medium and High Risk Sites
The location and layout of the piling plant should be designed to minimise potential noise impact of generators and motors	Medium and High Risk Sites
Where impact piling is the only option utilise a non-metallic dolly between the hammer and driving helmet or enclose the hammer and helmet with an acoustic shroud	Medium and High Risk Sites

Consider concrete pour sizes and pump locations. Plan the start of concrete pours as early as possible to avoid overruns	Medium and High Risk Sites
Where obstructions are encountered, work should be stopped and a review undertaken to ensure that work methods that minimise noise are used.	Medium and High Risk Sites
When using an auger piling rig do not dislodge material from the auger by rotating it back and forth. Use alternate methods where safe to do so.	Medium and High Risk Sites
Prepare pile caps using methods which minimise the use of breakers, e.g., use hydraulic splitters to crack the top of the pile.	Medium and High Risk Sites

6. Monitoring

Establish pre-existing levels of ambient noise by baseline monitoring or use of the noise maps	Medium and High Risk Sites
Carry out regular on site observation monitoring and checks/audits to ensure that BPM is being used at all times. Such checks shall include; • Hours of work • Presence of mitigation measures • Number and type of plant • Construction methods	High Risk Sites
available for inspection	
Monitor noise and vibration continuously during demolition, piling, excavation and sub and superstructure works at agreed locations and report to DCC at agreed intervals and in an agreed format.	High Risk Sites
To comply with this the following must take place.	
The monitoring locations for existing sites as agreed with officers of Dublin City Council must remain in situ. If additional monitoring is required this will be provided and the new locations will be agreed with Dublin City Council. For all new sites the monitoring locations must be agreed with Dublin City Council.	
 The results of the monitoring must be forwarded to officers of the Air Quality Monitoring and Noise Control Unit every two weeks in the following format: Provide the construction noise level as defined in British Standard 5228 and the 	
peak particle velocity readings for the hours of operation of the site. This will	

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include the construction noise level for	
any overtime period worked outside of	
normal working hours. Provide a report	
detailing and discussing the noise and	
vibration levels over the reporting period.	
If a breach is recorded the follow up	
action that took place to prevent any	
further breaches must be included in the	
report.	
 This information must be provided in 	
electronic format If results are required	
owing to complaints the results will be	
provided as soon as possible by the	
contractor to Dublin City Council.	
Appraise and review working methods, processes	Medium and High Risk Sites
and procedures on a regular basis to ensure	C C
continuous development of BPM	
The 'ABC' Method detailed in Paragraph E.3.2 of	Medium and High Risk Sites
BS 5228-1:2009 shall be used to determine	
acceptable noise levels for day evening and night	
time work	
Vibration levels must be kept below 1.0 mm/sec	Medium and High Risk Sites
(PPV) where possible. Where levels are expected	
to exceed this value residents must be warned	
and an explanation given	
Appropriate dust suppression must be employed	All sites
to prevent fugitive emissions affecting those	
occupying neighbouring properties or pathways	
Street and footpath cleaning must be undertaken	Medium and High Risk Sites
during the demolition and ground works phase to	Modiani and Fight Nor Choo
minimise dust emissions	
The following air quality monitoring procedures	Medium and High Risk Sites
must be applied:	Medium and Fligh Nisk Siles
must be applied.	
1 Continuous real time particulate (i.e. PM10	
and PM2 5) monitoring along the site	
boundary must be undertaken during any	
domolition, ground works or during any	
demonition, ground works of during a	
Construction phase which Dublin City	
Council deems necessary. The location of	
particulate monitors to be agreed with DCC	
prior to installation. The results of the	
monitoring shall be made available to DCC	
on request in an agreed format.	
2. Dust deposition monitoring must be	
undertaken using a methodology agreed in	
advance with DCC.	

7. Communication and Liaison

A Community Liaison Plan should be developed by the developer in consultation with local residents/businesses and a single point of contact nominated to engage with Dublin City Council and the residents/businesses and to handle complaints and communication of site information. A copy of this plan must be sent to Dublin City Council Planning Department as a matter of urgency in the case of sites where development has already commenced and 14 days in advance of commencement of works for any other site	Medium and High Risk Sites
Contact details for the site manager and liaison officer should be displayed prominently on the site hoarding	Medium and High Risk Sites
All staff should be briefed on the complaints procedure and the mitigation requirement and their responsibilities to register and escalate complaints received.	Medium and High Risk Sites
Send regular updates at appropriate intervals to all indentified affected neighbours/ businesses via a newsletter and post relevant information on the site hoarding. Also make the information available via email/website including weekly noise monitoring reports	Medium and High Risk Sites
Arrange regular community liaison meetings at appropriate intervals including prior to commencement of the project.	High Risk Sites
Meet regularly with neighbouring construction sites to ensure activities are coordinated to minimise any potential cumulative issues.	High Risk Sites

Extensions of Working Hours in <u>exceptional circumstances</u>

Ensure at least 4 days notice is given to Dublin	All sites
City Council Planning Department when	
applying for extensions to normal working	
hours. Do not undertake out of hours work	
unless permission to do so has been granted.	
The applicant must demonstrate in writing that	All sites
the works required cannot be carried out during	
normal working hours. The documentation sent	
in must be accompanied by a detailed	
engineering or/and traffic management or/and	
safety case as to why the works are required	
outside normal hours.	
Power floating after 6pm is the only activity that	
will be permitted during the extensions where	
they relate to required large concrete pours. All	
reasonable and appropriate measures to	
minimise noise associated with these works	

must be put in place and no works other than those approved may be carried out during	
extended working hours	
The Developer/his agent must give the times	
and dates of the proposed work, and the	
mitigation measures that are to be used to	
minimise noise/disturbance	
Advise neighbours about requirement for and	All sites
duration of any permitted works outside of	
normal working hours, and associated	
environmental mitigation measures being put in	
place during the course of the extended works,	
following receipt of approval from DCC	
All complaints will be referred directly to the site	All sites
liaison person and a reply must issue to the	
complaint within 3 hours of receipt of the	
complaint.	
A log of all complaints and a summary of how	All sites
they were dealt with should be kept and be	
made available to DCC, as required	
Any breaches of permitted working hours or	All sites
permitted extended working hours or	
developers or subcontractors not carrying out	
their requirements under this protocol may lead	
to enforcement action and may also result in	
the withdrawal of any extension of hours of	
works for a period that will be at the discretion	
of Dublin City Council.	